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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/628,831	07/31/2000	Michael K. Hargens	1320	5162
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6391 SPRINT : KSOPHT0101-			BOUTAH, ALINA A	
OVERLAND PARK, KS 66251-2100			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		·	2143	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<u> </u>	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/628,831	HARGENS ET AL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alina N. Boutah	2143				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appreciation approach for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO (36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 h	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 May 2007.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under t	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 100-119 is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 100-119 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.		·				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers		•				
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applica rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage				
	•					
Attachment(s)	·					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date				

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This action is in response to Applicant's amendment filed May 23, 2007. Claims 100-119 are pending in the present application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 100-119 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPAP 2002/0046255 issued to Moore et al. (hereinafter referred to as Moore) in view of USPN 5,991,381 issued to Bouanaka et al. (hereinafter referred to as Bouanaka).

Regarding claim 100, Moore teaches a method of providing communication accounts to end-users from a plurality of web sites, the method comprising:

in a first one of the web-sites, interacting with a first one of the end-users over the internet, and in response, transferring a first communication account request over the internet to an account server [0010; 0016];

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selecting a first account code for the first end-user in response to validating the first web site, and transferring the first account code over the internet to the first web site [0006; 0031-0032; 0038];

in the first web-site, transferring the first account code over the internet to the first enduser wherein the first end user uses the first account code to obtain a first communication service from a communication service provider [figures 2 and 3; 0012; 0014; 0015; 0017].

Although Moore does not explicitly teach a second one of the web-sites interacting with second one of the end-users, he teaches providing communication accounts to end-users from multiple web sites (Moore: figure 1, 0005, 0027, 0029). One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the second web-site is identical to that of first web-site.

However, Moore does not explicitly teach in the account server, validating the first website in response to receiving the first communication account request. In an analogous art, Bouanaka teaches a server that validates a request in response to receiving a communication account request (figure 2: 40). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to validate a website in response to receiving a request in order to process user's request automatically, thus allowing users to access the resource.

Regarding claim 101, Moore teaches the method of claim 100 wherein the communication service comprises a prepaid communication service [abstract].

Regarding claim 102, although Moore does not explicitly teaches the method of claim 100 wherein the communication service is a wireless communication service, it would have been

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obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the teaching of Moore can be easily applied to wireless communication as well as wired.

Regarding claim 103, Moore teaches the method of claim 100 wherein the communication service comprises an internet access service [0044].

Regarding claim 104, Moore teaches the method of claim 100 wherein the first account code comprises a personal identification number (PIN) [figure 2].

Regarding claim 105, Moore teaches the method of claim 100 wherein the first account code comprises a password [figure 2].

Regarding claim 106, Moore teaches the method of claim 100 wherein the first communication account request identifies the first end-user and the second communication account request identifies the second end-user [0005].

Regarding claim 107, Moore teaches the method of claim 100 wherein the first communication account request identifies a first monetary amount and the second communication account request identifies a second monetary amount [0046].

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Regarding claim 108, Moore teaches the method of claim 100 further comprising, in the account server, selecting a first monetary amount for the first account code and selecting a second monetary amount for the second account code [0046].

Regarding claim 109, the Moore teaches the method of claim 100 further comprising, in the account server, selecting a first time amount for the first account code and selecting time amount for the second account code [0046].

Claims 110-119 are similar to claims 100-109, respectively, therefore are rejected under the same rationale.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Moore does not teach or suggest a separate account server or communications between a web-site and an account server over the internet as provide for in claims 100 and 110.

The PTO respectfully disagrees and submits that this is taught by Moore and Bouanaka combined. Specifically, Moore teaches a user interacting with a website to access an account over the internet (Moore: 0010 and 0016). In an analogous art, Bouanaka teaches a separate account server and communication between a web-server and an account server. Specifically, figure 1, as well as its corresponding description (col. 2, lines 13-37) teaches a telephone system 20 (interpreted as account server) that receives requests from computer network 10 and validates

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account information. The computer network 10 (interpreted as website) comprises a calling card computer terminal 18 that receives and processes requests from customers 12.

In response to Applicant's allegation that Bouanaka's validation of a request is unimportant, Applicant is reminded that in the core of invention itself, it is not the website, but the user request message (through the web server) that is validated, as evidence by the specification page 7 lines 14-30. In fact, nowhere in the specification discusses any validation of a website.

As argued above, Moore and Bouanaka combined teaches a user interacting with a website to send request to an account server for validation.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alina N. Boutah whose telephone number is 571-272-3908. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:00 am - 5:00 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on 571-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ANB

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